Smart Specialisation Strengthening Cooperation in East and North Finland – What Next?

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# WHAT DOES SMART SPECIALISATION MEAN?

- It refers to regional differentiation based on the identified strengths, development potential, and resources of the area- **Prioritization** 
  - serves as the **foundation** for strategic planning and implementation, strengthening entrepreneurship, business growth, and scaling
  - helps to find both internal and external interactions between different industries, services and technologies within the region and between regions
- Improving competitiveness
  - ➤ Promoting innovations
    - > Efficient use of resources
      - > Increasing collaboration
        - > Supporting sustainable development
- In the interaction between the public and private sectors "entrepreneurial discovery process" (EDP)

**MORE INFORMATION S3 CoP** 



# WHAT IS THE AIM OF SMART SPECIALISATION?



### **IMPROVING COMPETITIVENESS:**

Regions can **focus on their own strengths** and develop competitive advantages from them, which helps local businesses succeed in international markets.



## **PROMOTING INNOVATIONS:**

By focusing on specific sectors and technologies, regions can **create innovative solutions and new business opportunities.** 



# **EFFICIENT USE OF RESOURCES:**

By targeting investments and resources precisely at carefully selected focus areas, resource dispersion can be avoided, leading to better results.



# **INCREASING COLLABORATION:**

**Encouraging regional actors**, such as businesses, R&D institutions, and public entities, **to strengthen collaboration**, leading to synergistic effects and growth.



SUPPORTING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT:

In many regions, smart specialization focuses on sustainable development and the green transition, promoting ecologically sustainable growth.

# **FUTURE EMPHASIS OF SMART SPECIALISATION**



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Better linkage between EU-level industrial and innovation policy and regional strategies and
synergistic utilization of funding is critical. This also helps integrate SMEs that are far from markets into
global value chains.
☐ Investment in increasing skills and capacity – supporting innovation ecosystems shaped by regions and specific conditions (S3 governance and implementation guidance).
☐ Smart specialization is a linking factor in the planning and use of synergistic funding. For example, Horizon Europe strategic plan 2025-2027.
☐ Interregional cooperation is emphasized – complementary and/or combined strengths and priorities.
Considering well-being and regenerative practices will be a key driver of competitiveness in the
future.
Balance between competitiveness and cohesion. Development must be fair but also promote efficiency and competitiveness.
Investment in building effective strategies.
Identifying leading and emerging innovations.
Investment in effective governance models – taking control of key areas.
Building an implementation plan with strategy – financial planning to support.

# **FUTURE EMPHASIS OF SMART SPECIALISATION**

- ☐ Strategies, programs, and funding instruments are directed to create joint funding packages
- -> from broad EU-level actions to individual regional and local actions.
- ☐ Funding activities from **two or more funding programs** aiming for greater impact.
- ☐ Smart specialization strategies create the **foundation for building synergistic funding models** 
  - Prioritizes investments, inclusively engaging relevant stakeholders – stronger regional innovation ecosystems.
  - Acts as a bridge connecting regional innovation ecosystems to other European innovation ecosystems, promoting the development of stronger value chains and ecosystems.
- Links EU growth programs: HE, Erasmus+, Life,
   Digital programme, I3, Interregs, etc.

EU Competitiveness Fund.

#### AN EXAMPLE FOR SYNERGIC FUNDING

#### Supporting the regional and local mining investments

\*\* EIB – private and public loan facility for local and regional authorities

Invest EU - SME Window, Research, Innovation and Digitisation Window,

Sustainable Infrastructure Window, Social Investment and Skills Window, JTM pillars II

& III, NATIONAL AND REGIONAL – loan, venture capital and guarantee instruments

## EU networking supporting the regional and local growth and innovation

Horizon Europe – industry, energy, digitalisation, SPACE, cities &communities, ICT, STEP

European Innovation Ecosystems etc. Citizens, Equality, Rights and Values Programme (CERV)

EIT Raw material and EU KIC community Circular Cities and Regions Initiative New Bauhaus Programme
Creative Europe
IPCEI Single market programme: SME and clusters Connecting Europe Facility EU Anti-fraud programme
Erasmus+ -Ecosystem Digital Europe Programme
Interregional Innovation Investments (I3) Life +

# To increase regional and local capacity to support regional mining ecosystem

Interreg: Transnational, Cross-Border, Interregional, Regional Innovation Valleys
The Just Transition Fund (JTF) The European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)
European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) European Social Fund + (ESF+)

■ STEP - Strategic Technologies for Europe Platform Member states regional national and regional funds Recovery and Resilience Facility

Benefiting from the EU synergic and complementary funding – need systematic and strategic investment planning